



# Enterprise Architect

User Guide Series

# Time Aware Models

What Time Aware Modeling tool to use? Use Sparx Systems Enterprise Architect to create incremental versions of an 'as-is' model to support development of elements towards the 'to-be' model, maintaining traceability to earlier and later development.

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# Time Aware Models

The Time Aware Modeling feature allows analysts to create incremental versions of their models by providing easy access to tools that facilitate the migration of elements through multiple versions. It is now easy to see the evolution of a model over different versions, and create new versions of model elements automatically without altering the underlying structure of the 'As-Is' model.

## Background

Models by definition are an abstraction of things that exist in the real world. Just as time is an important dimension in the physical world, it is also an important concern with models that represent that world. These are some common situations where time and the evolution of versions is important in modeling:

- Architects use models to document the current state and then move on to the more challenging and rewarding task of defining what the future state will look like, often in a series of transitions
- When new customers are acquired, a Business Analyst is often challenged with describing how a base product should be configured for these different customer groups, resulting in different versions of the same product
- Business Strategists typically prescribe what a Capability model will look like for the organization of the future, resulting in at least two versions of the Capability model

- During mergers and acquisitions, Business Architects are tasked with describing the possible states of the enterprise after the takeover is complete
- Engineers are required to develop better or more efficient solutions to meet the challenges of the future, so define newer and better versions of the solution
- Testers need to be aware of different versions of a product when designing and running test cases
- Infrastructure engineers have to define future environments in response to performance or security concerns, creating multiple versions of servers, devices and even whole facilities

All of these situations require that time is incorporated into the models so that it can be reasoned and made explicit. Enterprise Architect's Time Aware modeling facilities can be used in all these situations, to ensure that time is included as a first class citizen in the models. Time is not measured or modeled in absolute or relative terms, but by representing any number of future states or differences in the form of versions.

## Introduction

Time Aware modeling is based on using tools to clone a Package structure (Packages and diagrams only) as a new version, and then selectively over-riding parts of the old version with new elements and relationships using either the 'Clone as New Version' capability or simply adding new material to the model as required. This method allows a

highly selective and incremental revision or development of a model, whilst maintaining traceability to both earlier and later development.

Time Aware modeling is not dependent on Version Control or Baseline functionality, but is an entirely separate capability that helps analysts manage multiple versions or revisions of a model in a consistent and fully traceable manner. Conceptually it is analogous to the branching and merging in a Version Control system but as stated it is a separate and unrelated mechanism.

## **Benefits**

- Easily compare 'As-Is' and 'To-Be' models
- Make changes to subsequent versions without altering the underlying structure of the 'As-Is' diagram
- Get greater control over the evolution and traceability of your overall model
- Create Traceability diagrams that outline each stage of the elements' evolution

## **Time Aware Model**

The screenshot displays the Enterprise Architect interface for a 'Glider Control System' project. The main workspace shows a class diagram with several packages and classes. The 'Glider Control System' package contains 'Dashboard', 'Stick', and 'Airspeed'. The 'Glider Control System::Wings' package contains 'Wings::Ailerons', 'Wings::Spoilers', 'Wings::Flaps', and 'Wings::Airbrakes'. A 'StatusLight' class is also shown. The 'Stick' class is highlighted with a yellow border.

Below the diagram is a 'Relationships' table:

| Relationship | Source    | Source Version | Target    | Target Version | Target Role | Target Cardinality | Navigability       | Target Type | Target Stereotype | View    |
|--------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|---------|
| Association  | Dashboard | 2.0            | Stick     | 2.1            |             |                    | Unspecified        | Class       |                   | Visible |
| Abstraction  | Stick     | 2.1            | ( Stick ) | 1.0            |             |                    | Source -> Desti... | Class       |                   |         |
| Association  | Stick     | 2.1            | Wings     | 1.1            |             | 2                  | Unspecified        | Class       |                   | Visible |

At the bottom of the window, a status bar indicates: 'Class Diagram: Glider Control System: created: 2/06/2016 modified: 2/06/2016 3:16:04 PM 100% 799 x 1134'.

# Clone Structure as New Version

When using Time Aware modeling, you will typically want to create a new version of a group of elements that are collected together in one or more Packages, and so will need to create a new version of a whole Package structure.

Creating a clone of your current model structure is a simple migration process driven by version number. The structure migration process builds a clone of your current Package hierarchy, including diagrams, and updates the Packages and diagrams with a user defined version number. You can also change the structure name, if necessary. All diagram elements translated to the clone diagram are included as linked elements (references) to ensure their encapsulation is maintained with the 'As-Is' model.

As the 'To-Be' model evolves, linked diagram elements from the previous version can be selected and automatically cloned into the new Package structure as required. This ensures model assets continue to develop seamlessly between the 'As-Is' and the 'To-Be' model without crossing over.

The facility can operate on Model Packages, Views and lower-level Packages regardless of their location in the Browser window.

## Access

|  |  |
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|  |  |
|--|--|

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Ribbon       | Design > Package > Manage > Clone Structure as New Version               |
| Context Menu | Browser window   Right-click on Package   Clone Structure as New Version |

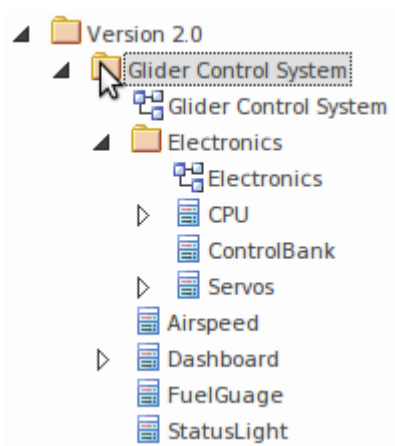
## Create new clone structure

| Step | Action  |
|------|---|
| 1    | On the 'Enter Name and Version' dialog, the 'Name' field defaults to the currently-selected Package name; if necessary, overtype this with a new name. Type in the version number for the ('To-Be') clone of the selected structure, and click on the OK button. The 'Select Structure destination' browser displays. |
| 2    | Select the Package in the project under which to create the clone structure. The <i>current</i> location of the structure is highlighted until you select the clone location.   |
| 3    | Click on the OK button. The clone structure is inserted under the target Package, and the clone diagrams are all opened within the Diagram View as  |

separate tabs.

## Example

Start with selecting the root of your 'As-Is' model structure.

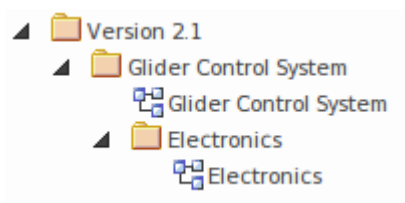


Select the 'Design > Package > Manage > Clone Structure as New Version' ribbon option.

(Alternatively, right-click on the Package and select the 'Clone Structure as New Version...' context menu option.)

Specify the name, version number and the target Package for the structure clone.

Finish with the new 'To-Be' model structure.



## Notes

- All Packages in the new structure will be updated with the newly entered version number
- All diagrams in the new structure will be updated with the newly entered version number
- Elements in the new structure shown in the Browser window are linked elements from the 'As-Is' source Package and retain their 'As-Is' version status
- Note, Text and Boundary elements are cloned into the new version with the diagram
- Object and Sequence elements are copied into the new structure as new elements with the new version number, and with Trace connectors to the original version elements
- On the 'Select Structure destination' dialog, you can either select an existing Package as the destination, or create a new Package

# Clone Diagram as New Version

There will be circumstances when a modeler needs to clone a diagram on an ad-hoc basis. Even when the modeler has used the 'Clone Package Structure' facility, a diagram might have subsequently been added to the original structure and this diagram can then be cloned separately to ensure the two versions of the Package structure are kept synchronized.

Creating a clone of your current model diagram is a simple migration process driven by version number. The diagram migration process builds a clone of your selected diagram and updates it with a user defined version number. All diagram elements contained on the clone diagram are migrated as linked elements to ensure their encapsulation is maintained with the 'As-Is' model.

As the new diagram version evolves, linked diagram elements can be selected and cloned into the new diagram's location as required. This ensures model assets continue to develop seamlessly between the 'As-Is' and 'To-Be' models without crossing over.

As you can have a sequence of cloned diagrams in separate Packages, it might not be apparent that a diagram is one of a line of clones. You can check whether a diagram has clones using the 'Show Diagram Versions' dialog.

## Access

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|  |  |
|--|--|

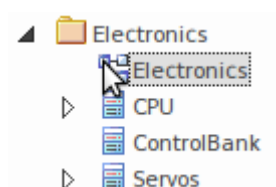
|        |  |
|--------|--|
| Ribbon | Design > Diagram > Manage > Clone as New Version |
|--------|--|

## Create new clone diagram

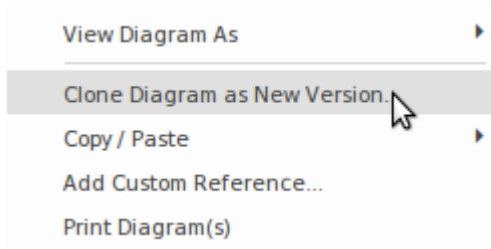
| Step | Action  |
|------|---|
| 1    | On the 'New version number' dialog, type in the version number for the ('To-Be') clone of the selected diagram, and click on the OK button.<br>The 'Select Diagram destination' browser displays.             |
| 2    | Browse for and select the destination ('To-Be') Package for the clone diagram, and click on the OK button.<br>The diagram is cloned to the destination Package, and automatically opened in the Diagram View. |

## Example

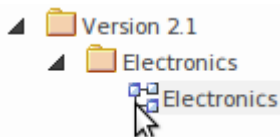
Select a diagram to clone.



Select the 'Design > Diagram > Manage > Clone as New Version' ribbon option.



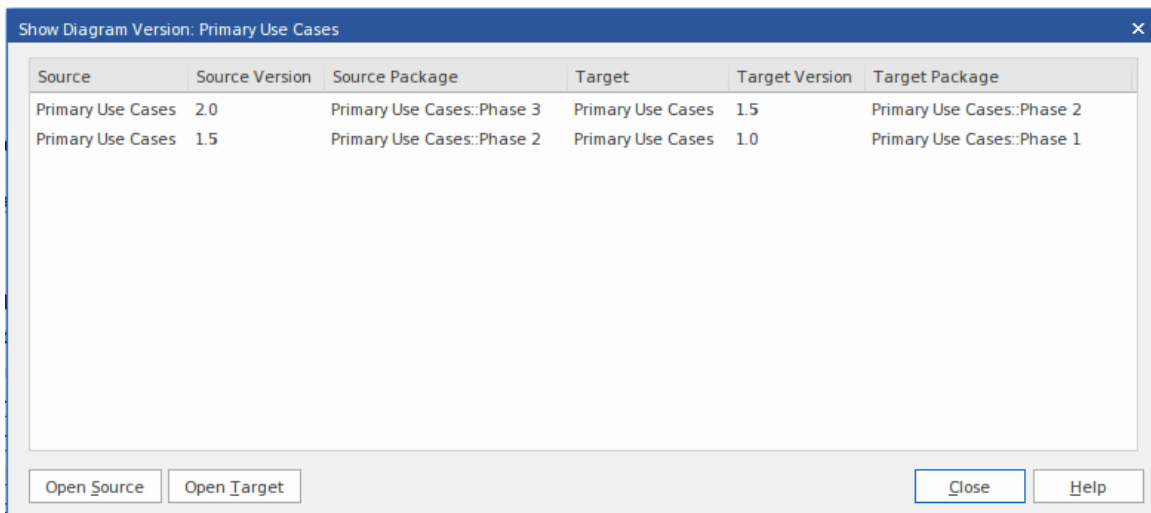
Specify the version number and the target location for the clone diagram. Review the clone diagram when it is automatically opened.



## Show Diagram Versions

When a diagram is cloned, a custom reference is added to the diagram (in the `t_xref` table). This custom reference provides information on the clone, through the 'Show Diagram Version' dialog.

To display this dialog, right-click on the diagram in the Browser window and select the 'Show Diagram Versions' option.



| Source            | Source Version | Source Package            | Target            | Target Version | Target Package            |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| Primary Use Cases | 2.0            | Primary Use Cases:Phase 3 | Primary Use Cases | 1.5            | Primary Use Cases:Phase 2 |
| Primary Use Cases | 1.5            | Primary Use Cases:Phase 2 | Primary Use Cases | 1.0            | Primary Use Cases:Phase 1 |

Where there is more than one clone in a sequence, the versions are listed with the most recent first and the original clone last.

You can open either the clone diagram (the source) or the diagram it was cloned from (the target) by clicking on the Open Source button or Open Target button.

You can also right-click on a diagram entry and select from there context menu options:

- Open Source Diagram - display the clone diagram in the Diagram View
- Open Target Diagram - display the cloned diagram in the Diagram View
- Find Source Diagram - highlight the clone diagram in the Browser window
- Find Target Diagram - highlight the cloned diagram in the Browser window

## Notes

- Clone diagrams will be updated with the newly entered version number
- Browser window elements in the new structure are linked elements from the 'As-Is' Package source and retain their 'As-Is' version status
- Note, Text and Boundary elements are cloned into the new version with the diagram
- Object and Sequence elements are copied into the new version, with the new version number, and with Trace connectors to the original version elements
- You can either select an existing Package or create a new destination Package in the 'Select Diagram destination' dialog

# Clone Element as New Version

Cloned elements are the core of the Time Aware modeling capability. When a clone is made, a new element is created in the 'To-Be' model that is a copy of the element as it exists in the 'As-Is' model. This allows details to be added to the cloned element, leaving the 'As-Is' element in its original state. Creating clone elements helps maintain seamless development between the 'As-Is' and 'To-Be' model, ensuring changes are well defined, encapsulated and traceable.

Creating a clone of the linked elements on a diagram is a simple migration process driven by version number. The element migration process builds a clone of your selected element and updates it with a user defined version number. Where a relationship exists to another model element in a previous version, the model is examined to see if there is a new version of the target element first and, if so, that element is now used as the target of the relationship. If there is no over-ride, the relationship is set to the existing element. This behavior is extremely useful when studying the impact of making changes to elements in base versions that are expected to remain unchanged throughout multiple versions of a model's lifecycle.

## Access

On a 'To-Be' clone diagram containing an external element (an element held in a different Package) to be cloned, click

on the element.

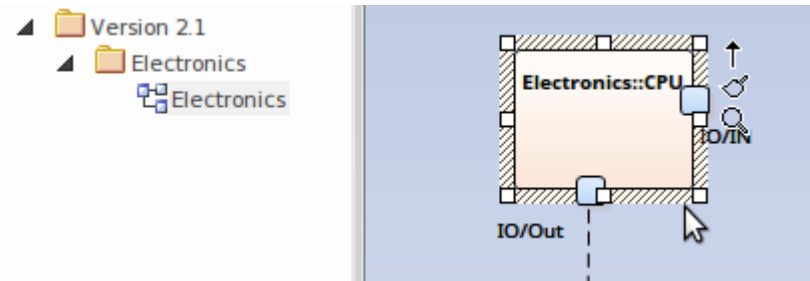
|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Ribbon       | Design > Element > Manage > Clone Element as New Version            |
| Context Menu | On a diagram, right-click on element   Clone Element as New Version |

## Create a new clone element

| Step | Action  |
|------|---|
| 1    | On the 'New version number' dialog, the 'Enter Value' field defaults to the version number of the current diagram as the version number to apply to the clone element. You would tend to use this number but, if necessary, you can overtype it with a different one. |
| 2    | Click on the OK button. The external element becomes a clone in the diagram's parent Package, with the specified version number.  |

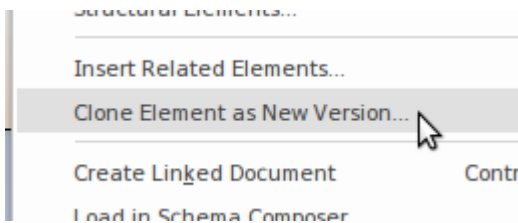
## Example

Select a linked element on the 'To-Be' diagram clone.

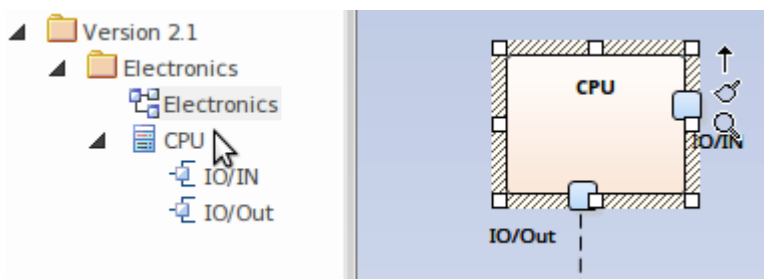


Select the 'Design > Element > Manage > Clone Element as New Version' ribbon option.

Alternatively the option can be found in the diagram context menu.



Finish with the new 'To-Be' element.



## Update linked diagram objects

When an element has been updated to the current version, update diagrams might still contain linked diagram object references to the old version of that element. If you want to make one of these diagram objects the same version as the updated element:

1. Right-click on the object linked to the old version and

2. Select the 'Update Element to Version '%s'' option from the element context menu

This will update the old linked diagram object with the new version of the diagram object.

## Notes

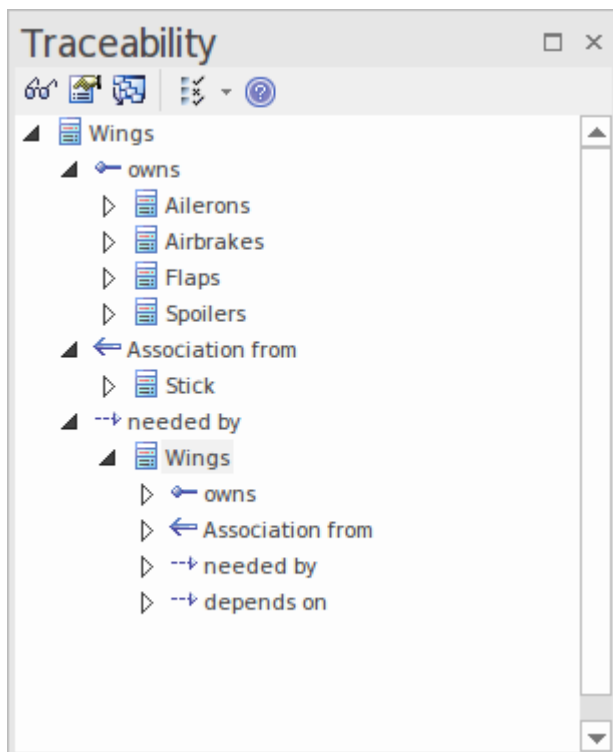
- The 'Clone Element as New Version' operation can only be performed on elements displayed on a diagram within the TAM root package.
- The clone element will be created in the same Package as the current diagram
- When cloning an element, all parent and child elements will also be cloned to maintain element hierarchy
- The 'Clone Element as New Version' menu option is not available for elements contained in the diagram's parent package
- Package, Note, Text and Boundary diagram elements are excluded from this feature
- The clone element will maintain relationship links with previous version elements
- Use the 'Filter to Version' option in the diagram 'Properties' dialog to filter elements by version on the diagram

# Traceability

Time Aware models are effective, but it quickly become difficult to understand all the connections between new and existing elements particularly over multiple versions. Enterprise Architect is a collaborative platform and excels at creating visualizations of the relationships and traces between different parts of the model. There are a range of useful and compelling tools that can be used to visualize these relationships.

## The Traceability Window

You can use the Traceability window to trace element relationships. Access the window using the 'Design >Element > Trace' ribbon option.



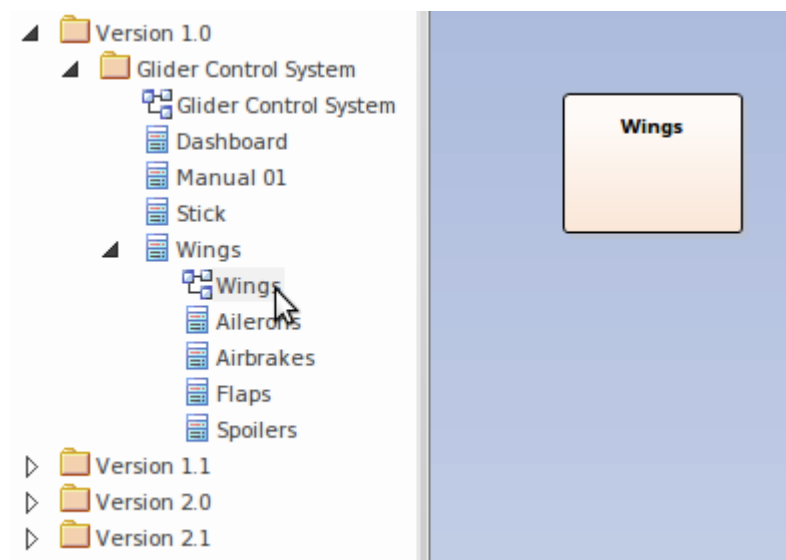
## Insert Related Elements

You can use the Insert Related Elements feature to create a Traceability diagram that outlines each stage of the element's evolution.

| Step | Action   |
|------|--|
| 1    | Create a Custom diagram with the name 'Traceability'. (Use 'Technology Type': 'Extended' and 'Diagram Type': 'Custom'.)  |
| 2    | Drag the subject element from the Browser window onto the diagram.   |
| 3    | Right-click on the element in the diagram and select the 'Design > Element > Add Element > Related Element' ribbon option. The 'Insert Related Elements' dialog displays.                                  |
| 4    | On the dialog: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Select 'Trace' in the 'Connector types' panel</li><li>• Set the 'Find Relationships to' depth level</li><li>• Click on the Refresh button</li></ul> |
| 5    | In the list of results, select the checkbox against each required diagram element, and click on the OK button. The elements are added to the diagram.  |

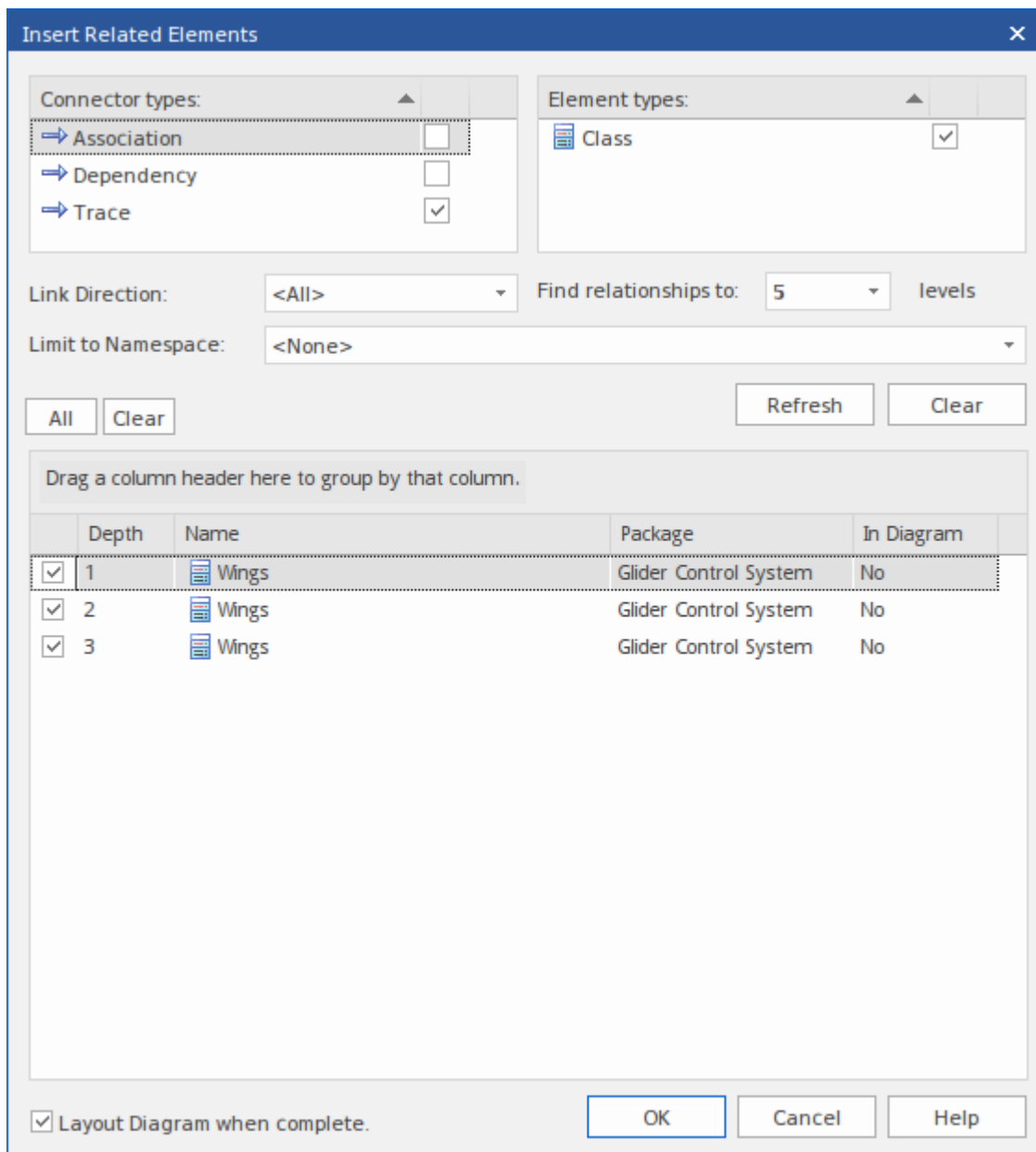
## Example

Drag the required element onto the diagram.

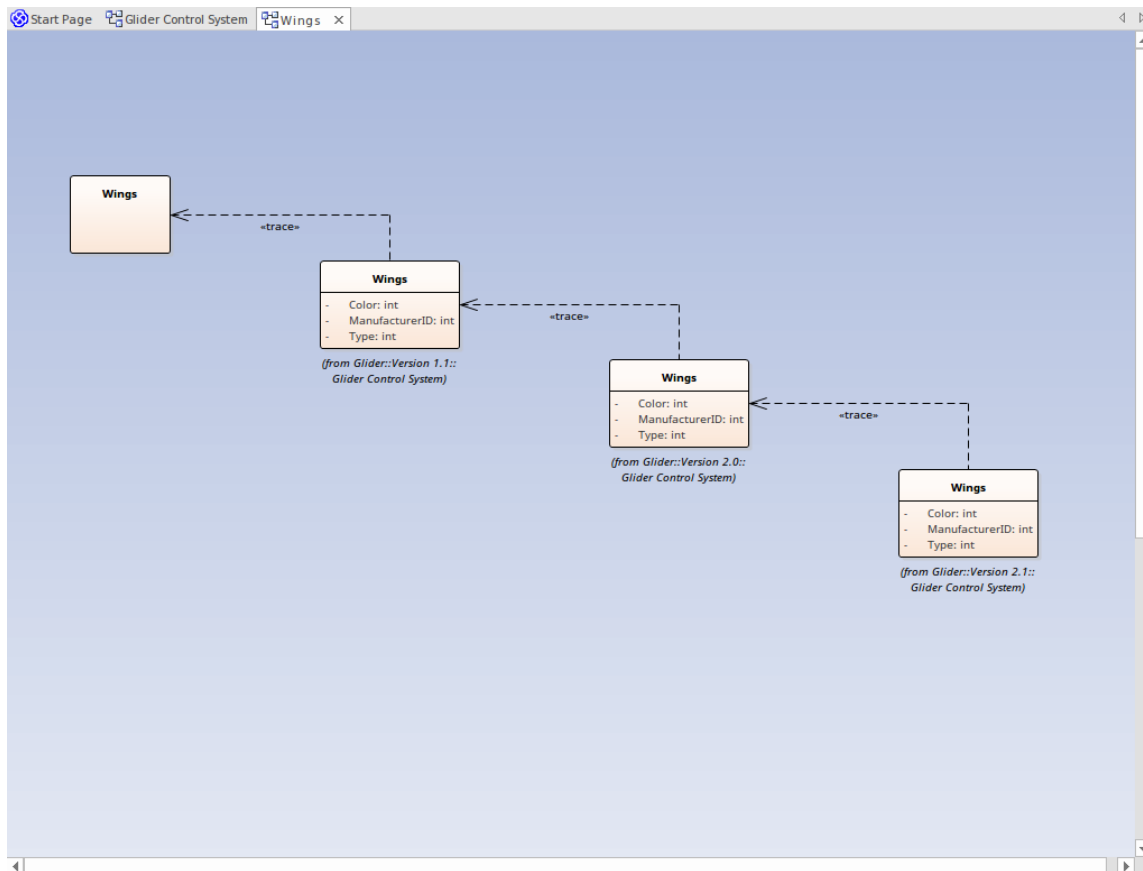


Click on the element and select the 'Design > Element > Add Element > Related Element' ribbon option, or right-click and select the context menu option 'Insert Related Elements...'

Configure the 'Insert Related Element' dialog.



Finish setting the diagram layout and property options, and click on the OK button.



## Relationships

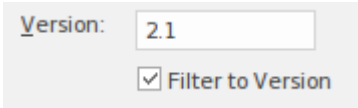
The docked Relationships window is a useful tool for viewing the relationships between 'As-Is' and 'To-Be' models. Selecting the 'Source Version' and 'Target Version' report columns brings clarity of relationships.

In the Relationships window, right-click on a selected relationship to open the context menu; you can view properties, find element usage and locate source and target elements.

| Relationship | Source        | Source Version | Target    | Target Version | Target Role | Target Cardinality | Navigability | Target Type | Target Stereotype | View    |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------|---------|
| Association  | Stick         | 1.0            | ( Wings ) | 1.0            |             | 2                  | Unspecified  | Class       |                   |         |
| Association  | Stick         | 1.0            | Wings     | 1.1            |             | 2                  | Unspecified  | Class       |                   | Visible |
| Association  | ( Dashboard ) | 1.0            | Stick     | 1.0            |             |                    | Unspecified  | Class       |                   |         |
| Association  | Dashboard     | 2.0            | Stick     | 1.0            |             |                    | Unspecified  | Class       |                   | Visible |

## Version Filtering

When working on a diagram containing elements from different versions of your model, you can easily select to filter out elements not in the current version.

| Step | Action   |
|------|--|
| 1    | Right-click on the diagram background and select the 'Properties' option to display the diagram 'Properties' dialog.   |
| 2    | The 'Version' field displays the diagram version number; all elements having a version number different from this will be grayed out.<br> |
| 3    | Select the 'Filter to Version' checkbox to enable the diagram filter feature, and click on the OK button.  |

# Filter Example

